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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/020,685	12/14/2001	Ernest Ndzebet	780396.91551	1340
7590	03/18/2004			EXAMINER CANTELMO, GREGG
Bennett J. Berson Quarles & Brady LLP 1 South Pinckney Street P O Box 2113 Madison, WI 53701-2113			ART UNIT 1745	PAPER NUMBER
DATE MAILED: 03/18/2004				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/020,685	NDZEBET, ERNEST	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Gregg Cantelmo	1745	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
 - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
 - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
 - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1/5/04.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) 16 and 17 is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) Other: _____.

Gregg Cantelmo 3/9/04

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. In response to the amendment received January 5, 2004:
 - a. The 112 rejections stands;
 - b. The prior art rejections are withdrawn in light of the amendment, which further defines the oxazoline to be a non-polymeric oxazoline surfactant.

Claim Objections

2. Applicant is advised that since claims 16 and 17 have been found allowable, claims 3 and 11 respectively will be objected to under 37 CFR 1.75 as being a substantial duplicate thereof. When two claims in an application are duplicates or else are so close in content that they both cover the same thing, despite a slight difference in wording, it is proper after allowing one claim to object to the other as being a substantial duplicate of the allowed claim. See MPEP § 706.03(k).

Specification

3. The use of various Alkaterge trademarks have been noted in this application. They should be capitalized wherever they appears and be accompanied by the generic terminology.

Art Unit: 1745

Although the use of trademarks is permissible in patent applications, the proprietary nature of the marks should be respected and every effort made to prevent their use in any manner which might adversely affect their validity as trademarks.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

5. Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for an oxazoline surfactant, does not reasonably provide enablement for an explicitly non-polymeric oxazoline surfactant. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. The addition to claim 1 of the oxazoline being non-polymeric was in an attempt to overcome the prior art rejection of record, which employed a polymeric oxazoline surfactant. Review of the specification does not readily support the extent of the oxazoline being non-polymeric and thus is held to lack enablement for this limitation.

6. Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The addition to claim 1 of the oxazoline being

non-polymeric was in an attempt to overcome the prior art rejection of record which employed a polymeric oxazoline surfactant. Review of the specification does not readily support the extent of the oxazoline being non-polymeric and thus is held to constitute new matter.

7. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

8. Claims 4 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

9. Claims 4 and 12 appear to use a trademark or trade name as a limitation to identify or describe a particular material or product. Use of a trademark or trade name in this manner renders the claim indefinite since the claim does not comply with the requirements of the 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph. Ex parte Simpson, 218 USPQ 1020 (Bd. App. 1982). The claim scope is uncertain since the trademark or trade name cannot be used properly to identify any particular material or product. In fact, the value of a trademark would be lost to the extent that it became descriptive of a product, rather than used as an identification of a source or origin of a product. Thus, the use of a trademark or trade name in a claim to identify or describe a material or product would not only render a claim indefinite, but would also constitute an improper use of the trademark or trade name.

If this trademark or trade name as appears in these claims is not intended as a limitation in then the Examiner questions why it is in the claim.

Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments filed January 5, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's basis for the grounds of withdrawing the 112 rejection to the use of the trade name in claims 4 and 12 is that such terminology is present in a recent U.S. patent (No. 6,572,868). Use of a trademark or trade name in this manner renders the claim indefinite since the claim does not comply with the requirements of the 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph. *Ex parte Simpson*, 218 USPQ 1020 (Bd. App. 1982). The claim scope is uncertain since the trademark or trade name cannot be used properly to identify any particular material or product. In fact, the value of a trademark would be lost to the extent that it became descriptive of a product, rather than used as an identification of a source or origin of a product. Thus, the use of a trademark or trade name in a claim to identify or describe a material or product would not only render a claim indefinite, but would also constitute an improper use of the trademark or trade name.

Regardless of how Applicant attempts to claim a trade name, any claims to a trade name or trademark have been held to be indefinite as set forth above. The fact that such trade names are present in prior patents does not substantiate Applicant's position nor has such use overcome the case law of *Ex parte Simpson* which has set forth that claiming of a trademark not only fails to identify or describe the material or product claim, but further is an improper use of the trademark or trade name.

Thus the 112 rejection of claims 4 and 12 stand.

Allowable Subject Matter

11. Claims 16 and 17 are allowed.
12. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: none of the prior art of record are considered to teach, suggest or render obvious the invention of claims 16 or 17.

Claims 16 and 17 further define a particular oxazoline surfactant. None of the prior art of record teaches or suggests using the material of claims 16 and 17 as an oxazoline surfactant material used in an anode mixture.

As can be seen in Table 1, the particular surfactant has significantly improved discharge capacity over a prolonged time period. Thus this particular oxazoline surfactant has improved properties as compared to generic oxazoline surfactants and thus appears to be a novel contribution to the art.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

13. Claims 3 and 11 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

14. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: none of the prior art of record are considered to teach, suggest or render obvious the invention of claims 3 or 11.

Claims 3 and 11 further define a particular oxazoline surfactant. None of the prior art of record teaches or suggests using the material of claims 3 and 11 as an oxazoline surfactant material used in an anode mixture.

As can be seen in Table 1, the particular surfactant has significantly improved discharge capacity over a prolonged time period. Thus this particular oxazoline surfactant has improved properties as compared to generic oxazoline surfactants and thus appears to be a novel contribution to the art.

Conclusion

15. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. JP 11-054133 and 11-054132 each discloses providing an oxazoline additive to the electrolyte in a lithium battery. This reference does not teach or suggest adding an oxazoline additive to the anode mixture.

16. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

17. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gregg Cantelmo whose telephone number is (571) 272-1283. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Thursday from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Pat Ryan, can be reached on (571) 272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306. FAXES received after 4 p.m. will not be processed until the following business day. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Art Unit: 1745

Gregg Cantelmo
Patent Examiner
Art Unit 1745

gc



March 9, 2004



Patrick Ryan
Supplementary Patent Examiner
Technology Center 1700